

**Foliations,
delocalized Chern
characters and
numeric ℓ -invariants**

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Periodic Homology

A loc. convex algebra

- $(C_m(A) := \hat{A} \otimes A^{\otimes m}, b, B)$ $b^2 = \delta^2 = Bb + bB = 0$

$$BC_{p,q}(A) = \begin{cases} C_{q-p+1}(A) & q \geq p \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$HP_*(A) := H_*(T_0 + (BC(A)), b + B)$$

- $\alpha: A \rightarrow A'$ $\mapsto (C_m(\alpha), b_\alpha, \tilde{B} = \begin{pmatrix} B & 0 \\ 0 & B' \end{pmatrix})$
- mapping cone complex

$$HP_*(\alpha) := H_*(\Sigma t(BC(\alpha)), b_\alpha + \tilde{B})$$

thus L.E.S. $\dots \rightarrow HP_{m+1}(A') \rightarrow HP_m(\alpha) \rightarrow HP_m(A) \rightarrow \dots$

CHERN-CONNES CHARACTER

$$K_0(A) \xrightarrow{\text{Ch}} HP_0(A)$$

$$\begin{matrix} e \\ \cap \\ n \end{matrix} \mapsto \left(t_{2n}(e) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-2\pi i)^k \frac{e_k}{k!} Tr_{2k} \left((e - \frac{1}{2}) \otimes e^{\otimes k} \right) \right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} M_n(A)$$

(analogous formulae for the odd case)



If $A = C^\infty(M)$ with M smooth closed manifold

$$\Rightarrow K_0(A) \xrightarrow{\text{Ch}} \hat{\bigoplus}_{k=0}^{\infty} H_{dR}^{2k}(M)$$

we obtain the
classical
Chern character.

RELATIVE GIEREIN CHARACTERS

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} p, q \text{ projections in } M_n(A) \\ h \text{ path of projections between } \alpha(p) \text{ and } \alpha(q) \text{ in } M_n(\Lambda') \end{array} \right.$

$$ch(p, q; h) = \left(ch(q) - ch(p), - \int_0^1 ch(h(s), 2(h(s)-1)h(s)) ds \right)$$

$\overbrace{\hspace{10em}}$

$HP_0(\alpha)$

$\rightarrow Tch(h)$

transgression formula

And we have a similar construction
for the odd case in $HP_1(\alpha)$.

$\text{HP}_*(\mathcal{C}^*(G))$ for G -étale groupoid

Rmk

$$\mathcal{C}(G)^{\otimes^n} \cong \mathcal{C}^*(G^n)$$

Def

$$G_{\gamma}^{(n)} := \left\{ (\gamma_0, \dots, \gamma_{n-1}) \in G^{(n)} \mid s(\gamma_0) = \pi(\gamma_n) \right\}$$

Loops space or Dughelee space

Prop.

The restriction map $\mathcal{C}^*(G^n) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}^*(G_{\gamma}^{(n)})$
induces an isomorphism on HP_*

Def $O \subset G^{(0)}$ is an open-closed subset
invariant under conjugation

$\Rightarrow \chi_O$ is an idempotent on the complex
^{↑ characteristic} $C^\infty(G^{(n)})$
function of O

Def $HP(C^\infty(G))_O :=$ homology of the image
of χ_O

Def $G^{(0)} = \bigcup O$ disjoint, open, G -inv. Cover

$$\Rightarrow HP(C^\infty(G)) \cong \bigoplus HP_x(C^\infty(G))_O$$

NOTATION

$$\cdot \text{HP}_*^{[1]}(C^*(G)) := \text{HP}_*(C^*(G))_{G^{(0)}} \xrightarrow{\text{unit spec}} \text{of } G$$

localized homology

$$\cdot \text{HP}_*^{\text{rel}}(C^*(G)) := \text{HP}_*(\iota) \xrightarrow{\text{relative homology}}$$
$$\iota : X_{G^{(0)}} C_c^*(G_S^{(n)}) \hookrightarrow C^*(G_S^{(n)})$$

Delocalized homology

thus we obtain a long exact sequence

INDEX VIA DNC

$G \rightrightarrows M$ Lie groupoid

Def

$$G_{\text{od}}^{[0,1]} := AG \times \{0\} \cup G \times J_{0,1} \Rightarrow M \times [0,1]$$

$$K_*(C_n^*(AG)) \xleftarrow{\omega_0} K_*(C_n^*(G_{\text{od}}^{[0,1]})) \xrightarrow{\omega_*} K_*(C_n^*(G))$$

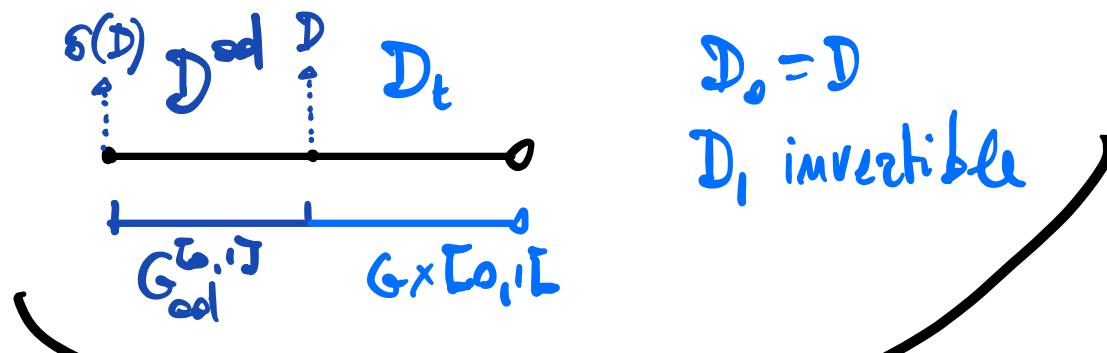
$$[\delta(D)] \longleftrightarrow [D^{\text{od}}] \longleftrightarrow [D]$$

$$\text{Dual}_G: K_*(C_n^*(AG)) \rightarrow K_*(C_n^*(G))$$

ADIABATIC L.E.S. AND \mathcal{C} -CLASSES

$$\dots \rightarrow K_*(G \times J_{0,1}^L) \rightarrow K_*(G_{\text{eq}}^{[0,1]}) \xrightarrow{\nu_0} K_*(AG) \xrightarrow{\sum \text{Hdg}_G} K_{*+1}(G \times J_{0,1}^L) \rightarrow \dots$$

- If $[D] = 0$ in $K_*(G)$



Secondary
invariant

$e(D, D_t)$ in
 $K_*(G_{\text{eq}}^{[0,1]})$

Ex

$$D = D_G^{\text{sign}}$$

$$D_t = D_G^{\text{sign}} + t C$$

Hilsum-Skandalis

FOLIATIONS

M closed manifold

Def A foliation of codimension ℓ on M is
given by $\{q_i : U_i \rightarrow L_i \times T_i = I^P \times I^\ell\}$

$$\text{with } q_{ij}(x, y) = (\lambda_{ij}(x, y), \gamma_{ij}(y))$$

The plques $q_i^{-1}(L_i \times \{t\})$ are foliated to leaves
and the sub-bundle $F^{\ell} TM$ of vectors
tangent to the leaves is an
integrable Lie algebroid.

The monodromy groupoid of (M, F) is

$$\text{Mon}(M, F) = \left\{ \alpha : [0, 1] \rightarrow M \mid \alpha([0, 1]) \subset \text{leaf} \right\} / \sim$$

Examples

- $F = TM$ so $\text{Mon}(M, TM) = \hat{M} \times_{\Gamma} \hat{M}$ fundamental gpst

- $\Gamma \rightarrow \tilde{X} \rightarrow X$ and $\Gamma \curvearrowright B$ act
universal covering

$$\begin{aligned} M &= (X \times B) / \Gamma \\ F &= \pi_* T \tilde{X} \end{aligned} \quad \left. \right\} \rightarrow \text{Mon}(M, F) = (\tilde{X} \times \tilde{X} \times B) / \Gamma$$

CM map

$G = \text{Mon}(M, F)$

$U = \{U_i \xrightarrow{\varphi_i} L_i \times T_i\}$ finite cover of M

① $G_u = \bigsqcup_{i,j} G_{v_i}^{v_j} \Rightarrow \bigsqcup_k U_k$

② $S_i = \varphi_i^{-1}(\{o\} \times T_i) \rightsquigarrow G_u \cong L_i \times L_j \times \prod_{t \in S_i} T_{ij}^S$
local transversal

③ $T^S = \bigsqcup T_{ij}^S \Rightarrow \bigsqcup S_k$ étale groupoid

Def $\Xi^S: C_c^\infty(G) \rightarrow C_c^\infty(T^S)$

$\xi \mapsto (\alpha_i^j \xi \alpha_j^i)_{ij} \xrightarrow{\varphi^*} (\xi_{ij}^S \otimes k_{ij})_{ij} \xrightarrow{T^S} \sum_i T_n(k_{ii}) \xi_{ii}^S$
 $\{\alpha_i^j\}$ p.o.

Ex.

If $F = TM \Rightarrow x \in M$ is a complete transversal

$$\Xi^{\{f^n\}} : HP_*(C_c^\infty(G)) \rightarrow HP_*(C_{\pi_1(\hat{M}, x)})$$

$f \otimes \dots \otimes f^n$ is sent to the function that
to (x_0, \dots, x_n) associates

$$\sum_{i_0, \dots, i_n} \left(\int_{M^{n+1}} \alpha_{i_0}^{\frac{1}{2}} f^0 \alpha_{i_1}^{\frac{1}{2}} ([\beta_{i_0}(x_0), \gamma_0 \beta_{i_1}(x_1)]) \dots \alpha_{i_n}^{\frac{1}{2}} f^n \alpha_{i_0}^{\frac{1}{2}} ([\beta_{i_n}(x_n), \gamma_n \beta_{i_0}(x_1)]) \right)$$

where $\beta_i : \cup_i \rightarrow \tilde{M}$ are smooth cross-sections
of the projection $\hat{M} \rightarrow M$.

Th

(Crimic-Moerdijk)

$\underline{\Phi}^S$ induces an isomorphism on HF .

Set $\underline{\Phi}_t^S := \underline{\Phi}^S \circ w_t : C_c((G_{\text{ad}}^{[t_0, t]})^n) \rightarrow C_c((\Gamma^S)^n)$

Prop

$\underline{\Phi}_0^S := \varprojlim_{t \rightarrow 0} \underline{\Phi}_t^S$ induces a well-defined

map $C_c^\infty(AG_g^{(n)}) \rightarrow C_c^\infty((\Gamma^S)^{(n)})_{G^{(0)}}$

"Proof"

compact subsets of $G_{\text{ad}}^{[t_0, t]}$ concentrate around $G^{(0)}$ as $t \rightarrow 0$.

CHERN CHARACTERS

- Fix $\Omega(T^S)$ dense hol. closed $\subset C_r^*(\Gamma^S)$
- Obtain $\Omega(G)$ dense hol. closed $\subset C_r^*(G)$
by "pulling-back" through the CM-map.
- Put $\Omega(G_{\text{red}}^{(0,1)}) = S(G_{\text{red}}^{(0,1)}) + Q(G)^{(0,1)}$
 \uparrow in dense hol. closed by a
Theorem of Lauter - Monthubert - Nistor.
- \mathbb{E}_t^S extends by construction.

Def

- $\underline{ch}_S^{[1]} : K_*(\mathcal{J}(AG)) \rightarrow HP_*^{[1]}(A(\Gamma^S))$

localized
et [1]

$$\underline{\mathbb{E}}_0^S \circ ch_*$$

- $\underline{ch}_S : K_*(A(G)|_{0,1}) \rightarrow HP_*(A(\Gamma^S))$

$$[\rho_t] \mapsto \prod \underline{\mathbb{E}}_t^S (ch(\rho_t, \lambda(\rho_t^{-1})\dot{\rho}_t))_{\text{alt}}$$

- $\underline{ch}_S^{\text{del}} : K_*(A(G_{\text{ad}}^{[0,1]})) \rightarrow HP_*^{\text{del}}(A(\Gamma^S))$

delocalized

$$[\rho_t] \mapsto \left(ch_S^{[1]}(\rho_0), \prod \underline{\mathbb{E}}_t^S (ch(\rho_t, \lambda(\rho_t^{-1})\dot{\rho}_t))_{\text{alt}} \right)$$

Th

The following diagram

$$\cdots \rightarrow K_*(\alpha(G)(0,1)) \xrightarrow{L_*} K_*(\alpha(G_{\text{odd}}^{[0,1]})) \xrightarrow{M_*} K_*(\beta(\alpha(G))) \xrightarrow{\quad} \cdots$$
$$\cdots \xrightarrow{\text{Ch}_S} \xrightarrow{\text{Ch}_S^{\text{odd}}} \xrightarrow{\text{Ch}_S^{[1]}} \cdots$$
$$\cdots \rightarrow HP_{*+1}(\alpha(\Gamma^S)) \xrightarrow{\text{def}} HP_*(\alpha(\Gamma^S)) \xrightarrow{\quad} HP_*^{[1]}(\alpha(\Gamma^S)) \xrightarrow{\quad} \cdots$$

is commutative.

FUNCTIONALITY

$$M_1 \xrightarrow{G_\varphi^{\phi}} M_2 \quad \begin{matrix} G \\ \Downarrow \end{matrix} \quad \text{transverse w.r.t. } G$$

[Th] The following diagram is commutative

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
\cdots & \rightarrow K_*(G_{\varphi}^{x(0,1)}) & \rightarrow K_*((G_{\varphi}^{\phi})_{ed}^{[0,1]}) & \rightarrow K_*(AG_{\varphi}^{\epsilon}) & \rightarrow \cdots \\
& \searrow \text{Mor } \varphi & \downarrow & \searrow \varphi_!^{\text{red}} & \downarrow d\varphi_! & & \\
\cdots & \rightarrow K_*(G_x(0,1)) & \rightarrow K_*(G_{ed}^{[0,1]}) & \rightarrow K_*(AG) & \rightarrow \cdots \\
& \searrow \text{Ch} & \downarrow & \searrow & \downarrow & & \\
& \rightarrow HP_{*+1}(Q(\Gamma^S)) & \rightarrow HP_*^{okl}(Q(\Gamma^S)) & \rightarrow HP_*^{I,J}(Q(\Gamma^S)) & \rightarrow \cdots
\end{array}$$

Applications:

a) $(M_1, F_1) \xrightarrow{h} (M_2, F_2)$ foliated homotopy equivalence

b) g_F is a longitudinal psc metric on (M, F) .

We can then
define :

a) $Ch_{\text{ps}}^{\text{ell}} \left(\rho(D_{F_1 \cup F_2}^{\text{sign}} + C_h) \right)$

Hilsum-Skandalis

b) $Ch_{\text{ps}}^{\text{ell}} \left(\rho(D_{g_F}) \right)$

- (M, F) with Γ^S associated étale group

$M = \partial W$ and $W \rightarrow B\Gamma^S$ ↪ *Hoefliger classifying sp.*

s.t. the induced foliation on W
is transverse to ∂W and restricts to F .

Homological Deloc. APS index th for
foliations

$$i_* \text{Ch}_S(\text{Dual}(D_W)) = \text{Ch}_S^{\text{del}}(\text{e}(D_M + C))$$

invertible

Thank you !

